

Common Sense Data Management

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Objectives

- Discuss the purpose of data management
- Talk about why data management can be a complex subject to tackle successfully
- Discuss a few selected areas where a common sense approach is the best way to make continuous progress

Main Discussion Topics

- Purpose of data
- What is data management?
- The opportunity space
- What sorts of problems are we trying to solve?
- Data consistency - Well header example
- Well logs
- Data quality metrics
- Effective prioritisation

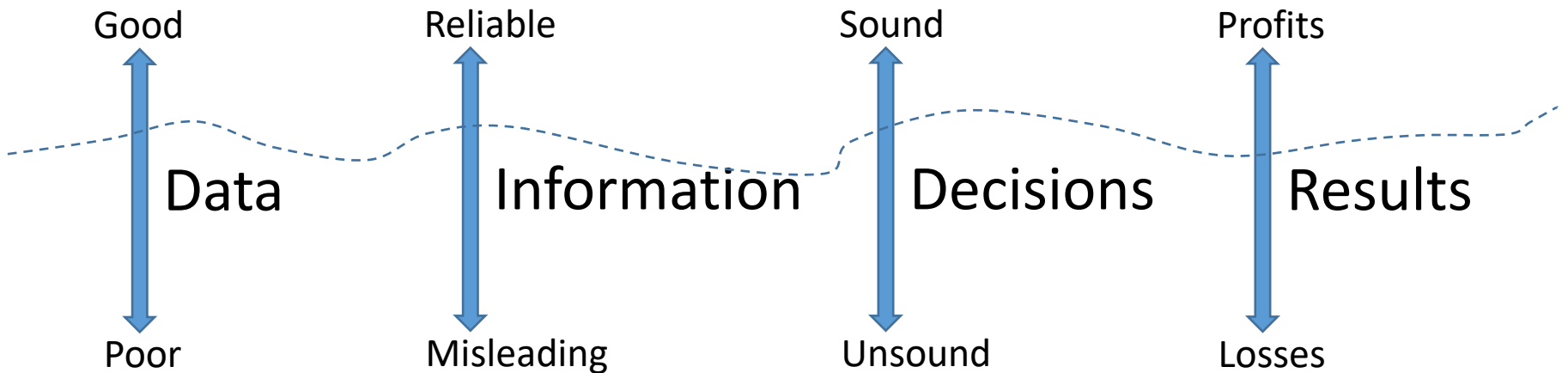
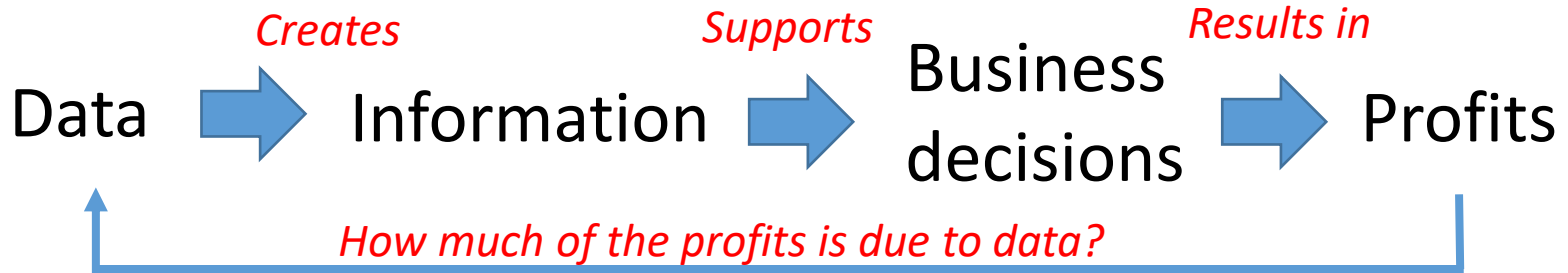
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Often heard comments.....

- “Make sure we keep ALL the data....”
- “Transfer only the data that is needed....”
- “I want it to be fully integrated....”
- “We must have quality data...”
- “Make sure we get the priorities right...”
- “To integrate the data, all you need to do is write some code”

Purpose of data



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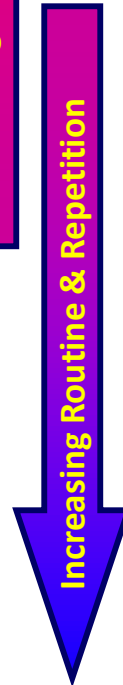
What is data management?

E&P Data Management Activities Scale

New Opportunities

These are the cumulative range of tasks that are carried out by data managers around the world

- Machine learning/AI
- Agent Technology
- Data Science
- Data Analysis / Mining / Analytics
- Quality Metrics
- Data Integration / Connectivity
- Data Mapping / Scripting
- Data Synthesis
- Data Integrity
- Promoting best practices
- Project Management
- Adherence to standards
- Implementation of standards
- Standards (Definition / Usage)
- Classification of standards
- Requirements definition
- DBA tasks
- BCP
- Capacity Forecasting
- Bulk Data Loading
- General QC
- Data Cleaning
- e-Libraries
- Data & Document Conversion
- Reports & Retrievals
- Plotting services
- Scanning
- Tape & Media Handling



Data Management

- Higher complexity with research elements
- More engagement with business disciplines
- Requires strong business understanding
- Requires broad IT knowledge
- People networking skills
- Project management and integration

In order to improve on EP Data Management, we need to focus on the upper half of the list.

Data Services

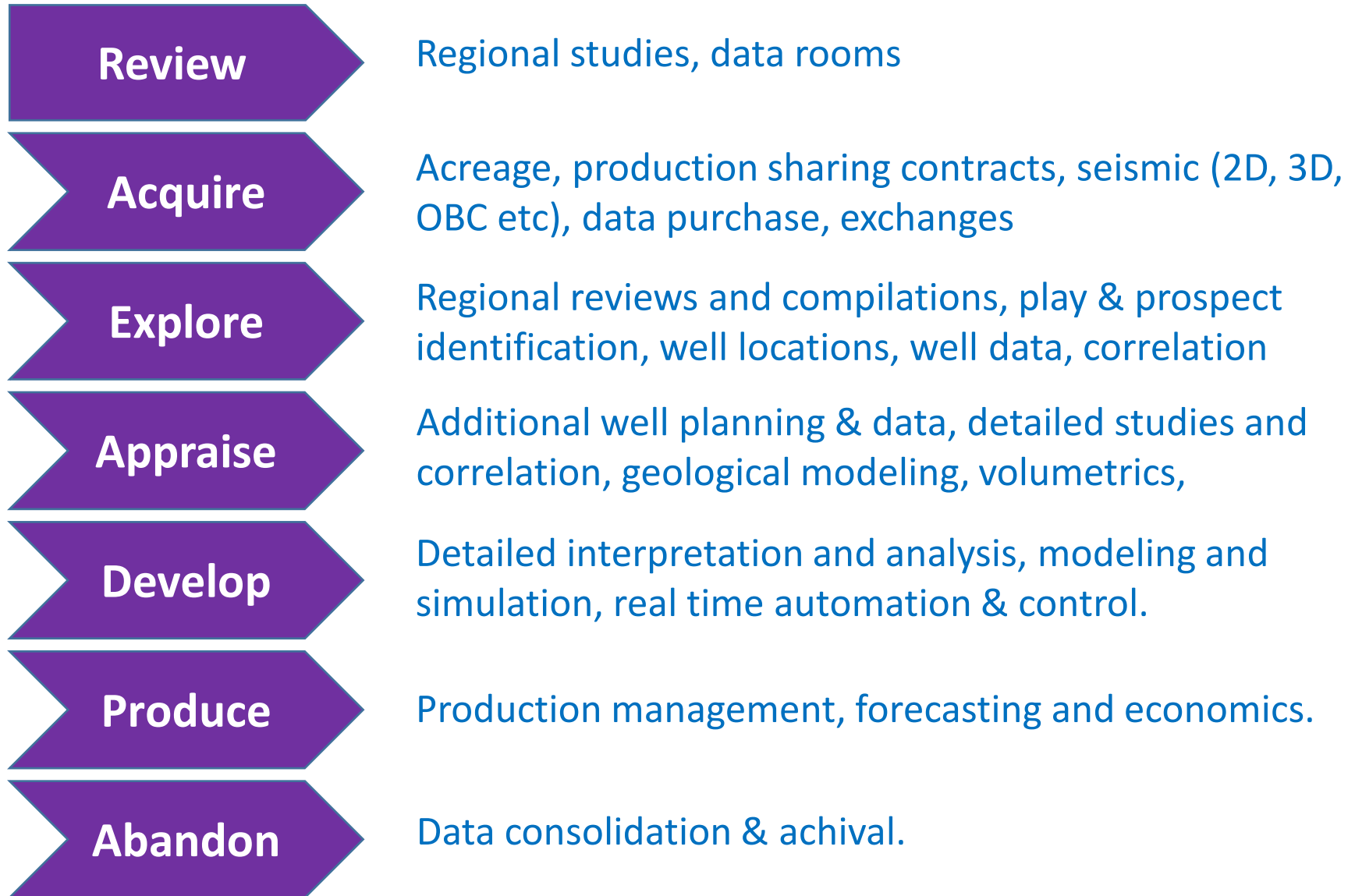
- Focus on speed and efficiency
- Physically apart from customers
- Requires specialised IT knowledge
- Addressing a global / regional community
- Employing defined standards
- Standardised services

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Opportunity Space : The Upstream Value Chain

Data aspects



Opportunity Space : Data Types - Upstream

Geology & Seismic	Interpretation and Compilations	Petroleum Engineering	Drilling, Engineering & Production Operations
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<p>Well header Info Well Header Spatial Deviation Checkshots Seismic traces (2D & 3D) Mud logs Core description Core Photos Thin Sections / XRD Environments of deposition Prospects & Leads Pore Pressure Temperature – Gradient Temperature – Borehole Geomechanics Geospatial: -Well location Maps -Block Boundaries -Platforms -Pipelines -Geohazards -Site Surveys -Field Outlines -Nett to Gross Thickness Maps -FTG -CSEM -Gravity & Magnetic -Microseismic</p>	<p>Geology – Zones Geology – Markers Faults (Field Extent & Major) Seismic Horizons – Regional Seismic Horizons – Local Velocity Models Structure Maps TZ Curve Gridded Time / Depth Maps Sand Distribution Maps Static Models Dynamic Models Synthetic Seismogram Biostratigraphy – Zones Biostratigraphy – Markers Geology – Zones Geology – Markers</p>	<p>Spill Points (Reqd. by RE) Well Logs – Raw Well Logs – Processed & Qced Well Logs – Interpreted Well Logs – Cased Hole Vertical Seismic Profiling Core Analysis (SCAL RCA, Gamma) Formation Pressure (RFT, MDT) Well Test (DST,FIT) Production Data (Allocated oil/gas/water rates) Production Pressure Data (Well Tubing/Casing Head Pressure) Production Well Test (FBU,PBU,SDS) Artificial Lift Fluid Property Fluid Contacts Stimulation Cases Fluid Composition Material Balance Prosper Models RMS Models Decline Curve Analysis Volumetrics Reserves and Resources EOR Cases Pressure Maintenance Cases Saturation Height Function Leak Off Test PVT</p>	<p>Daily Drilling Data Well Schematics Well Completion Data Well Intervention Data Well Integrity Data Facilities (P&ID, Limit Diagrams) Well design Drilling Fluid Composition Well Completion Cost Casing Data Bit Data BHA (Borehole Analysis) Deviation (Drilling) Well Hydraulics Shallow Hazards Metocean Data eg Climate Facilities As-Built drawings Facilities Info (type, function) Facilities Historical Info Pipeline (flowrate, function) Pipeline (properties) Geotechnical data (general soil, seabed properties)</p>
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Typical Problems encountered in E&P Data

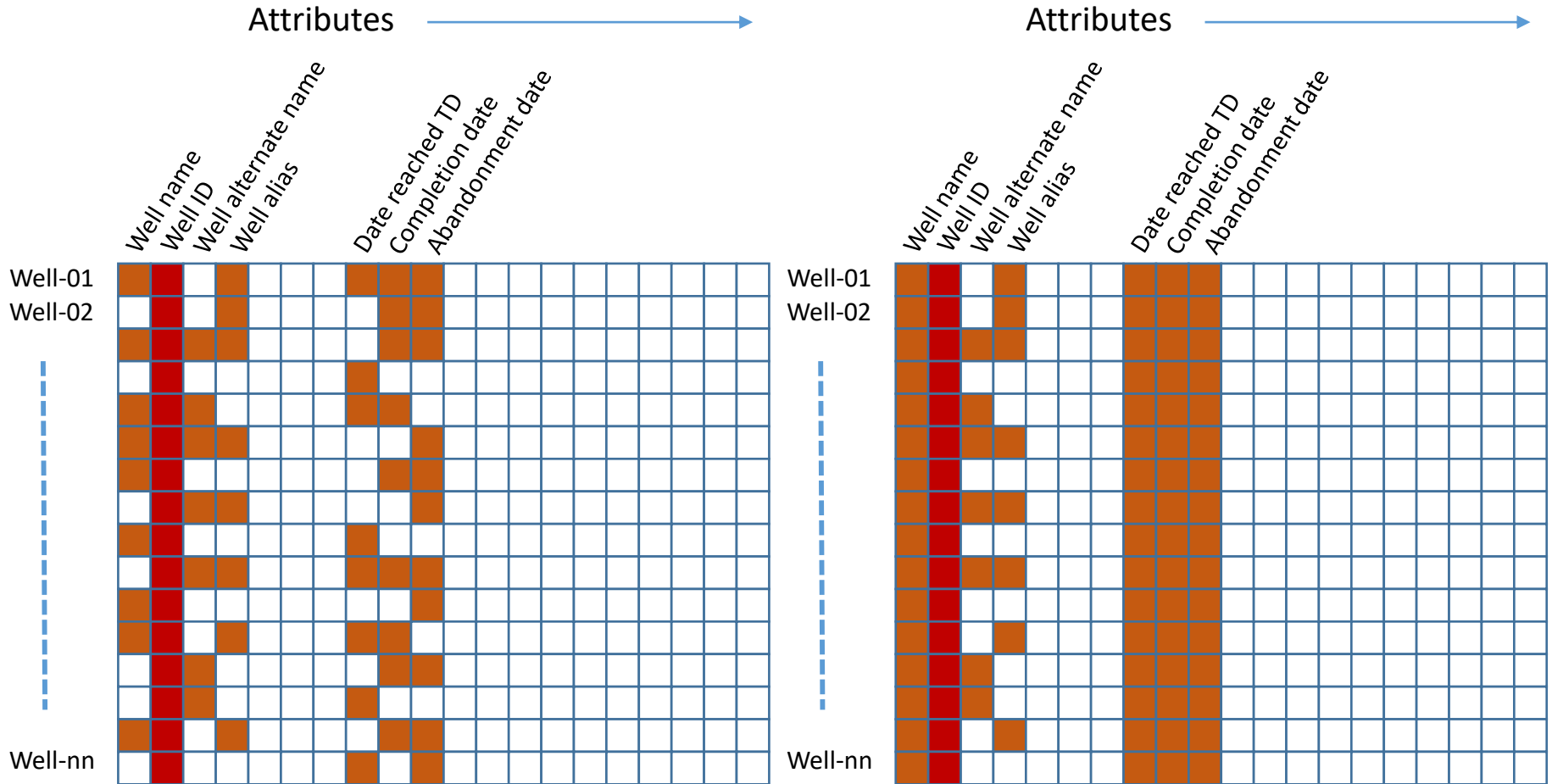
Physical Data	Electronic Data
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sampling (accuracy) difficulty due to lack of hole integrity (ditch cuttings)• Contamination of ditch cuttings due to excessive cavings• Poor sample recovery (sidewall samples, cores, fluids) – both % recovery per sample as well as sample loss• Missing inventory due to poor logistics	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Missing entries• Missing attributes• Inconsistent storage locations in data models• Incorrect values entered• Inconsistent or lack of metadata in entries• Duplication• Large data sets• Distributed or federated data sets and databases• Overlapping data models• Integration challenges• Lack of consistent quality• Data flow breakdowns
People	Processes & Methodology
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Resource constraints• Lack of competency• Lack of people framework• Lack of proper accountability structure• Indecision• Office politics	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Lack of governance structure• Lack of standardized workflows• Lack of standards (data, process, systems etc)• Lack of effective data architecture• Lack of transparency• No or loose quantification methodology

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Consistency in data

Example: Well Header



The need for Data Standards

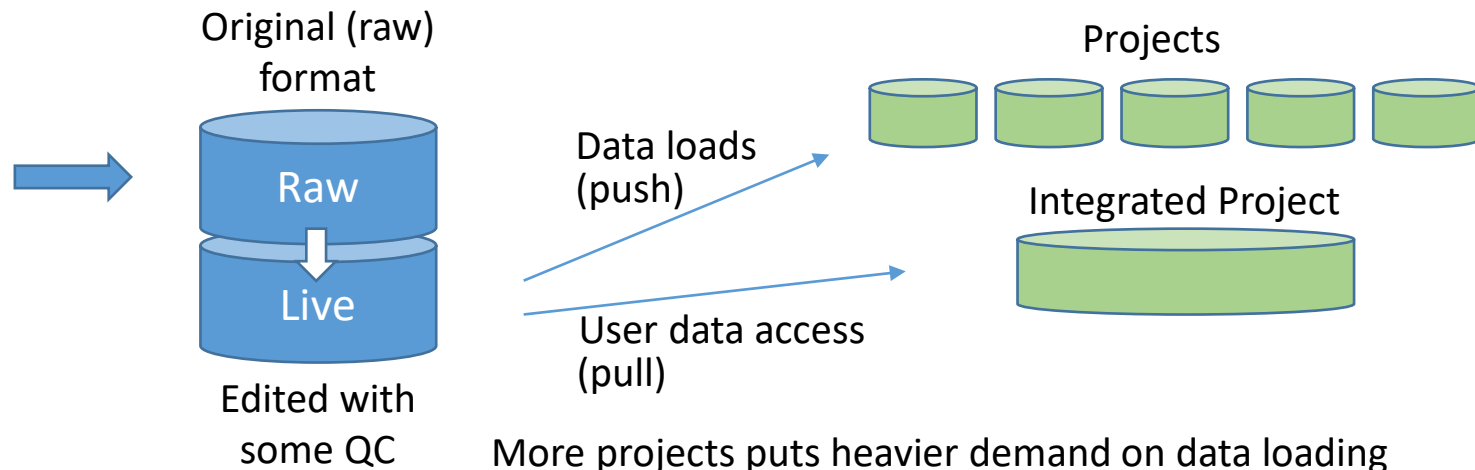
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Well Logs – The challenges

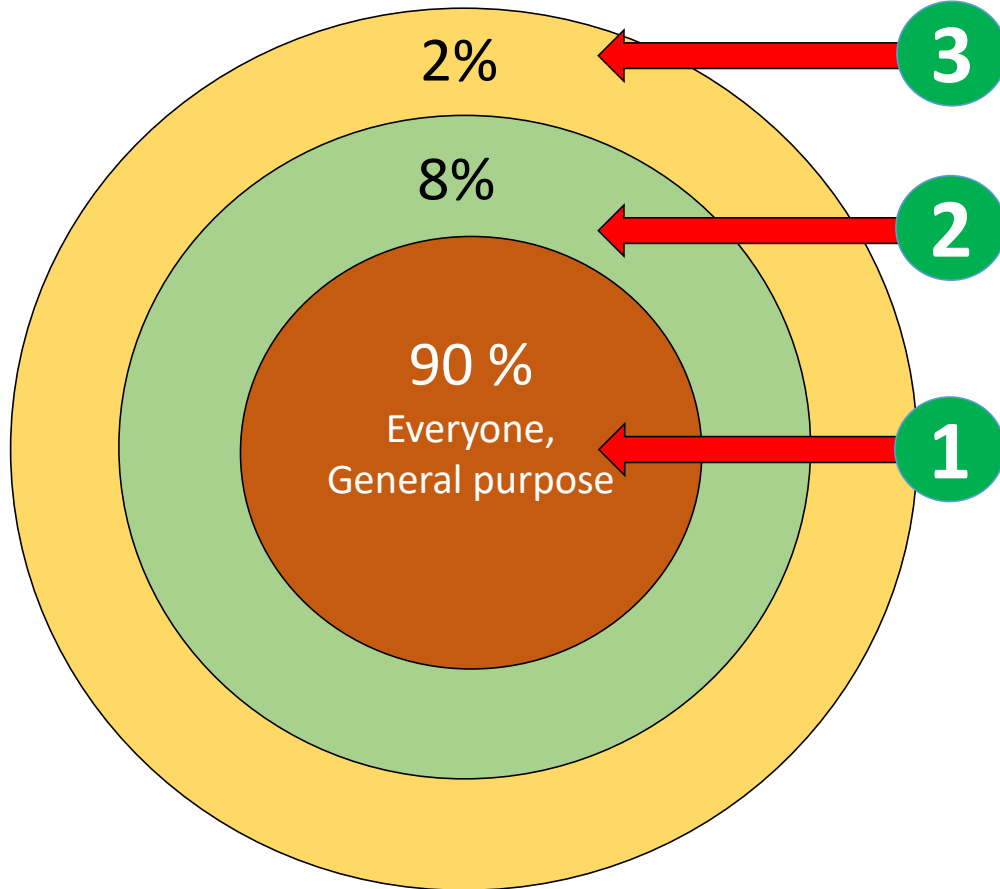
- Hundreds of different logs in the database
- Original format logs, edited, processed etc
- Different service companies and naming conventions
- Separate runs for each log type
- Technology evolution over the years
- Completeness of inventory

Typical architecture & workflow



More projects puts heavier demand on data loading
For pull, users may get confused searching among all available logs

Well Logs – Typical usage distribution

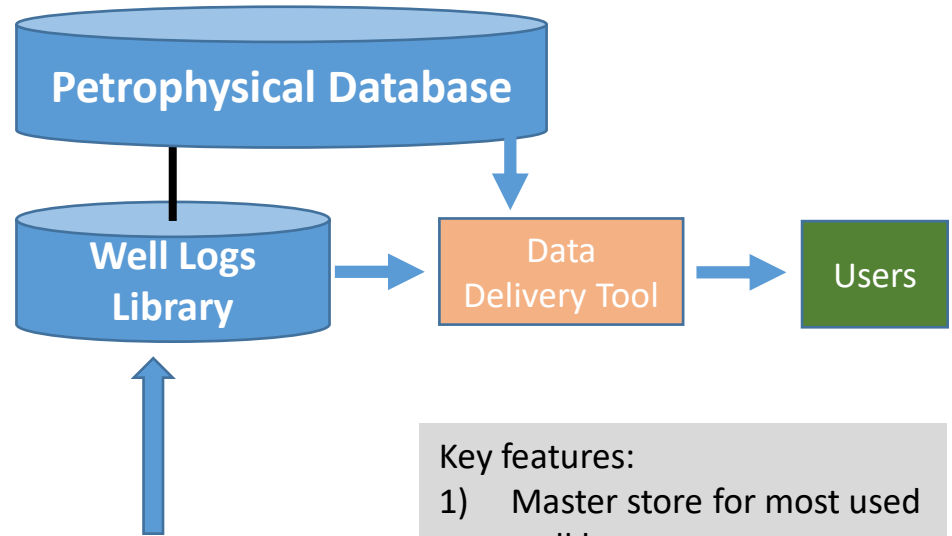


- Petroleum Eng/Prod.Geol special studies. Special Core Analysis (SCAL), High Res. Dipmeter, Borehole Imaging etc
- PE/PG higher resolution interpretation projects eg dipmeter
- 8 essential logs used by the majority
- Basic geological interpretation, correlation, environments of deposition etc
- GR, Sonic, Density, Neutron, Resistivity (S,M,D), Caliper

Well Logs - Serving the majority

Naming Convention

Well	Gamma Ray	Sonic	Density	Neutron	Resistivity (shallow)	Resistivity (medium)	Resistivity (Deep)	Caliper
1	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
2	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
3	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
4	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
5	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y
n	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y



Nominated Petrophysicist carries out the following activities:

- 1) All logs edited
- 2) Spliced
- 3) Joined
- 4) Quality stamp

Key features:

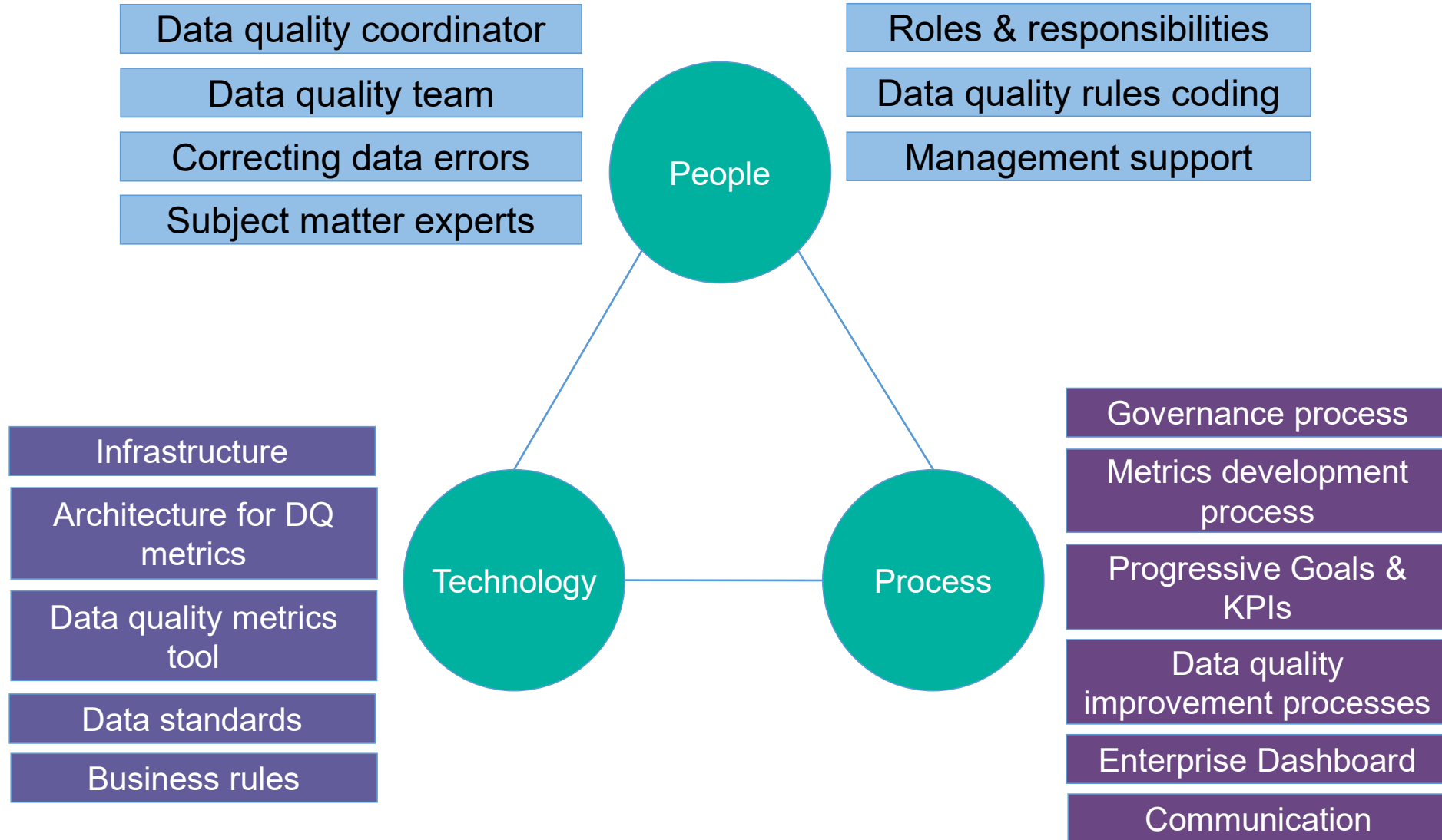
- 1) Master store for most used well logs
- 2) Single delivery point to users
- 3) Governed by a strict control process
- 4) Data ownership & accountabilities
- 5) Cumulative

Roles & Responsibilities

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Data Quality Metrics



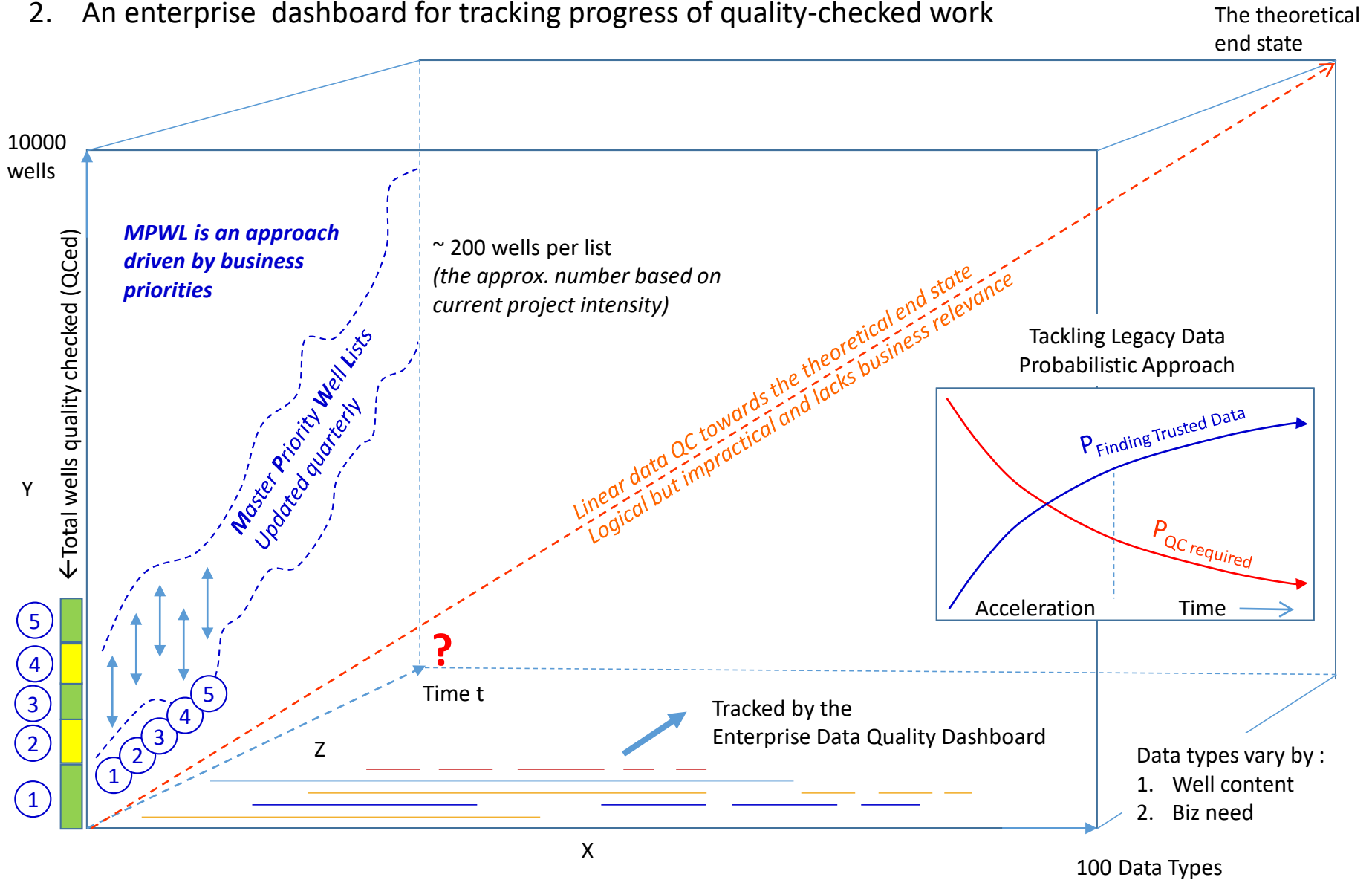
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Prioritisation for business relevance

Pre-requisites:

1. A master list of current priority wells, with a process for periodical updates
2. An enterprise dashboard for tracking progress of quality-checked work



Concluding remarks

- Understand your role and contribution to business success
- Identify with company strategies and directions
- Don't try to boil the ocean
- Ensure early and stepwise deliverables
- Don't try to manage data for the sake of data
- Effective prioritisation
- Communicate and enlighten – you're in the hot seat

Thank You